

# **EFFECTIVE: SEPTEMBER 2004**

53. explain the following terms: substance, matter, element, compound, mixture, homogeneous and

#### 9. **Electrical Nature of Matter**

Charge, electrons, nucleus, protons, neutrons, ions, electrolysis, conductivity, ionic compounds, polyatomic ions, isotopes.

#### 10. **Chemical Equations**

Conservation of mass, balancing equations, special symbols, combustion, types of reactions.

## 11. **Stoichiometry**

Reactions, mole relationships, mole-mole and gram-gram conversions, limiting reagent, theoretical yield, activity series.

#### 12. **Solutions**

Terms, concentration, solubility, solution stoichiometry, dissociation, precipitation, ionic and net ionic equations.

#### 13. Acids and Bases

Classification, properties of acids and bases, strong and weak acids, hydronium ion, electrolytes, titration.

#### 14. Gases

Direct proportionality, graphing review, inverse proportionality, variables – pressure, volume, Temperature, moles – Gas Laws, Ideal Gas Equation, molar volume, molecular mass.

## 15. Oxidation-Reduction Review

# **Laboratory Course Content**

Experiments will be selected from the following list:

- 1. Introduction and analytical balance
- 2. Chemistry in the kitchen
- 3. Physical and chemical changes
- 4. Mass measurements
- 5. Volume measurements
- 6. Graphing
- 7. Conservation of mass
- 8. Types of chemical reactions
- 9. Periodic table
- 10. The mole
- 11. Gas Laws
- 12. Stoichiometry
- 13. Factors Influencing The Rates of Chemical Reactions

# Q: Means of Assessment

The student's performance in the course will be evaluated in the following fashion:

- 1. <u>Laboratory work (24%)</u> Laboratory reports will be written in the laboratory note book and graded either pass or fail.
- 2. Examination (76%)